# A "Toolbox" for the Reduction of Acrylamide in Fried Potato Products/French Fries

## Acrylamide

Acrylamide is a substance that is produced naturally in foods as a result of high-temperature cooking, e.g., baking, grilling, or frying. Acrylamide can cause cancer in animals and experts believe it can probably cause cancer in humans. Although acrylamide has probably been part of our diet since man first started cooking, because of concerns over safety, world experts have recommended that we reduce the levels of acrylamide in foods.

Acrylamide has been found in a wide variety of foods, including those prepared industrially, in catering and at home. It is found in staple foods such as bread, potatoes as well as in some specialty products such as crisps, biscuits and coffee.



## The CIAA Acrylamide Toolbox

Following the discovery of acrylamide in food, the food industry took action to investigate how acrylamide is formed in foods and possible methods that can be employed to reduce levels of acrylamide in foods. The European Food and Drink Federation (CIAA) coordinated the efforts of industry and pooled the results together to produce the Acrylamide Toolbox.

#### What does the Toolbox do?

- Details existing methods to reduce acrylamide in foods
- Allows users to assess and evaluate which reduction measures to use

This brochure is designed to help manufacturers of French fries and fried potato products.

For advice, contact the European Potato Processors Association (UEITP) <a href="mailto:info@fvphouse.be">info@fvphouse.be</a>

## What can you do?

- Use this brochure to identify methods that you can use to reduce acrylamide levels
- Not all methods will apply to your manufacturing needs
- You will need to examine your production methods, recipes, product quality and national legislation in order to identify the most appropriate "tools".



# Acrylamide in potato products

#### **Methods of formation**

- Acrylamide is formed via the reaction of asparagine and reducing sugars (both naturally occurring in potatoes)
- Acrylamide is formed at temperatures higher than 120 °C
- The amount of acrylamide formed depends on
  - Temperature of final cooking
  - Cooking time
  - Amounts of asparagine and reducing sugars in the potato

### **Tools to try**

- Control the levels of reducing sugars
- Blanch potato strips in hot water for a longer period of time to remove reducing sugars and control colour.
- Control the temperature & time of final cooking
- Aim for a lighter golden colour when cooking

#### Methods of Reduction for finished French Fries

The following "Tools" have been used successfully to reduce levels of acrylamide in French fries. Manufacturers are advised to select those "Tools" that are most suitable to their type of product, process methods and product quality specification.

